Content Do This/Remember This Introduction: Focused, Adaptable, Structured, Teaching, is based on how humans best learn, shorter • Lessons can be structured for more more effective lessons, guided by research, 7 step plan + adaptable + cohesive + based on cognitive efficient and effective first instruction Chapter 1 Teaching and Learning (Structure vs Strategy): Lessons are successful if 90% of students • Less is more can complete independent practice (IP), lessons are NOT successful because of too much • Expect students to learn a lot content/low expectations, need to know about working memory (WM) and attention span, • Be done talking when students are Primacy/Recency, based on this there are Optimal Windows for Learning (OWLs) OWL 1 = key done listening ideas/expert thinking OWL 2 = closure/IP, lesson components are: set scene, set target for lesson, • Students remember best what they connect to previous learning, present new material, teacher modelling, they try it with help, student did first and last recall what they've learned, move to long term memory (LTM) through IP, plan in reverse order • Plan with the end in mind Chapter 2 The Preview: This is a question that will mean that ALL students connect to prior • Plan an intentional guestion to experience/learning/vicarious experience/knowledge from being alive in the world, will be a small whole class to engage all step in their Zone of Proximal Development, should be directed to whole class with chance to • Enable them to respond to respond but not necessarily to whole class, watch the time, don't use stories, adjust on the fly if they someone: peer or you Chapter 3 Learning Objectives: The success of a lesson is the extent to which students can complete Successful lessons involve only ONE IP that exactly matches the learning objective (LO), the LO should*: be short/identify the learning chunk for the lesson/identify the limitations/be helpful to student AND teacher/don't say 'students • Craft the LO to match the 'shoulds'* will be able to..'/define the IP • Use academic language Chapter 4 Review: Preview connects to previous conceptual knowledge but review connects • Never assume they know it from previously taught constituent skills to new skills, uses questions to retrieve material from LTM, previous grades beware ineffective = going over homework/just telling them, plan first then decide questions to • Decide the review question after match new lesson in content and context, choose problems from IP/homework for ALL to review/do, planning, which should require new don't give them hints or just give a quick reminder, feedback to entire class, leave review on board skills Chapter 5 Key Ideas: Teachers need to give an overview of the conceptual information and model Do 'what' before 'how' how to organize it, knowledge is declarative (what to know) or conditional (when to apply it), what = • Carefully choose key ideas/examples definition in context/clear examples of what it is/criteria/non-examples/lots of practice/zoom in and • Use 'whole – part – whole' structure out/concept maps/language frames/precise academic language/checking for understanding (CfU) • Prepare CfU questions in advance, questions need preparing in advance to be high level (how = performing a skill next chapter) use often Chapter 6 Expert Thinking: Declarative (knowing what) vs Procedural (knowing how) – same • Decide if content is what or how framework as more alike than different, visual channel is #1 for learning + remembering, procedural Modeling = explain how AND why = decide brief steps (don't worry about grammar)/EXPLAIN why those are the steps (need your deep • Scaffold with different values conceptual understanding)/be precise (e.g. use 'if necessary')/must match ALL problem types so try • Explain by speaking in first person it out with all the problems you choose for them, declarative = concepts and how to organize • Model 2 problems with care, have concepts/model with 'whole-part-whole'/choose concept map of whole/examples of parts/use them watch language frames to secure correct language. • Use concept maps/language frames Chapter 7 Guided Practice GP: Real learning is an outcome of effective GP watched by an expert, Procedural GP goal for student = multiple repetitions quickly with feedback, goal for teacher = gather formative • Use only 3 GP questions data (to ascertain who is ready for IP/who needs further support), Procedural GP = aim is for • Limit time to do them and feedback automaticity/gradual release of responsibility GRR/scaffold before starting/get out of habit of • Stop talking while they are working! helping every student immediately (explain why to students)/give brief whole class feedback Plan for whole class feedback Declarative GP = increasing cognitive demand/inflexible→flexible→application (Willingham)/GRR Declarative GP through remember-understand-apply/design structured activities (watch videos/compare notes) to • Prep inferential higher order qs bridge gap between key ideas + expert thinking and IP/don't let it just roll on - can always follow up • Reinforce content next lesson Chapter 8 Closure: Final CfU before IP, aims are: adequate wait time/ALL involved/ constructive + • Write closure gs when you plan instructive feedback/identify who doesn't know what, should take about 5 minutes, e.g.s how is X DON'T recap lesson for them different from Y/how do you identify X/what's the mistake here/I used to think X now I think Y Keep it simple/consistent Chapter 9 Independent Practice: All IP: plan for it straight after deciding LO, remediate before · Don't trust textbooks for IP setting as necessary, Procedural IP: exactly matches expert thinking and GP/can include previous Eight repetitions of skills are enough material for distributed practice/might be immediate but could be later, Declarative IP: expert • Don't assign it if they're not ready thinking and GP lead to more cognitively engaging task that approximately matches/should NOT involve new skills Chapter 10 Wrap Up: NO single most important component of the framework, important • See the components as part of the points/timing: Preview - 1-3 mins/all students don't need to share, LO - keep visible/return often, whole Review – 3-4 mins/ students respond to qs/no telling, Key ideas – time limited by OWL q/tie to • Don't tell them and think they've preview, Expert thinking - only 2 examples/no student questions/leave one e.g. visible, GP students immediately doing 100% of the work, Closure - check if they're ready for IP/correct • Don't rush, and don't hang around! misconceptions from answers to questions, IP – only when they are ready